

DIDSBURY PIONEER

VOL. XVI

DIDSBURY, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21st, 1918

No. 34

Sports for Fair Days

A well attended meeting of business men was held last week to discuss the advisability of having a few clean sports for Fair days and the outcome was an enthusiastic assent to the proposition. The meeting elected C. Hiebert as chairman and G. Thompson, of the Atlas Lumber Co., as Sec.-Treas. A finance committee was also formed and since then they report great success in their work.

A meeting of the programme committee was held on Monday night who outlined a very attractive line of sports consisting of horse races, tug-of-war, football and horseshoe games.

Further announcements will be made later.

School Opens Next Monday

The kiddies are not looking anxiously for next Monday to arrive as they think their hardships are again about to commence.

There are some changes in the school staff this year. Miss Lantz will still be principal of the High School and Miss Kerr of the Public School. Miss Weber and Miss Z. Liesemer of the old staff are still re-

retained and Miss Riddell, of Mildmay, Ont. and Miss Glass of Lacombe, are the newcomers.

Miss Nora Moore of the old staff has accepted a position in another school and because of the large number of pupils in the lower grades another teacher has had to be engaged.

Some changes have been made in the schoolhouse, a partition has been put in one of the large rooms upstairs which gives an extra class room.

Mr. Fred Diebel Suddenly Passes Away

Mr. Fred Diebel, one of our well known farmers of the Neapolis district, was suddenly taken ill while stacking hay last week which resulted in his death on Sunday last, the cause being Bright's disease.

Mr. Diebel had been a hard worker all his life and it is thought did not realize the condition he was in. Besides his family he leaves a large number of relatives in the district to mourn their loss.

The funeral will take place from his late residence on Thursday at 11.30 a.m. and services will be held in the Evangelical church, Didsbury, at 2 o'clock. Interment taking place in the Didsbury cemetery.

Rosebud News

We have been getting some fine showers of late.

The farmers are getting their binders ready as harvest is almost here. The early sowed grain is now ripe enough to cut.

Mr. Pete Fox has sold his farm of 320 acres for \$40 per acre and gives possession right away. Mr. Fox left for Lacombe and hunted up a location where he intends to move in the near future.

Mr. Tom McKercher sold his 160 acres all sowed to timothy with improvements and good fences for \$50 per acre, the hay goes with it.

Mr. Jacob Shantz arrived here from Alsask, Sask., recently and is helping home folk put up hay. Jake took his first course in wheat farming this year.

Mr. Abe Meek is down with rheumatism and is suffering very much.

Mrs. Sylvester Davis visited the A. J. Peron home last Saturday.

Mr. James Eubank has his crop of rye in the shock. This was an extra heavy piece of grain.

We have had some hail of late. W. H. Ault's grain was damaged considerably and Mr. Schmidt on the old Eph. Gable place was half haled out.

Pte. Albert Mack was back in this vicinity on furlough with the King's uniform on. Albert is bound for France to help win the war.

Mr. Charlie Deadrick was up north to Hobema, Alta., in quest of hay. The hay was good but he was on the scene too late as it was all taken up.

IN MEMORIAM

Whereas, God in His infinite mercy has called from our midst, our beloved and veteran Sister, Anna Sick, we humbly pause and bow our heads at the vacant chair, so suddenly vacated by our dear comrade, who has passed from our throng forever.

Be it resolved that St. Hilda's Chapter, No. 27, O. E. S., of Didsbury, Alta., mourn the loss of one of its most honored members; one who has always held the interest of her lodge almost sacred and foremost in her life; one who has been always willing to do her duty in whatever sphere assigned unselfishly and to the very best of her ability.

We also mourn the loss of her motherly counsel, always so cheerfully given which has kept us, as members of the lodge, so near to one another.

May we, who are left, have more interest in each other and in all that pertains to the work of the O. E. S. for that is as she would have it.

We cannot say and will not say, That she is dead; she is just away.

With a cheery smile and wave of the hand,

She has wandered into an unknown land,

And left us dreaming how very fair,

It needs must be since she lingered there;

And you, O you, who the wildest years

For the old time step and glad return,

Think of her as fairing on, as dear,

In the love of there as the love of here;

Think of her still as the same, I say,

She is not dead, she is just away.

It is resolved that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the

minutes of our Lodge, and a copy sent to the DIDSBURY PIONEER for publication, also one sent to the bereaved husband and sons to whom at this sad time our hearts go out in sympathy.

MARTHA LIESEMER,
ALLIE STARK,
MARION SPINK,
Committee.

IN MEMORIAM

In ever loving memory of our brother, Corp. James Sinclair, who died of wounds at Lens, August 23rd, 1917.

Far and oft our thoughts do wander,
To a grave far, far away,
Where his comrades laid our dear one
In a soldier's grave one year ago today.

Friends may think that we forget him,
When at times they see us smile,
But they little know our sorrow,
Which that smile hides all the while.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sinclair.

BUSINESS LOCALS

50¢ A LINE IN ADVANCE IN THIS COLUMN

No advertisement taken for less than 25¢.

FOR SALE—Excelsior motorcycle, in good condition. Write E. C. Westcott. 3p34

WELL DRILLING—Fully equipped to do all kinds of well drilling. Steel and galvanized casing supplied. 15 years experience. For terms apply to W. H. Stephens, Didsbury. 4p34

LETTUCE for sale at McCole's. **FOR SALE**—Eight young pigs 6 weeks old. J. H. Anderson, mail man, phone 33. 2p32

Dr. M. Mecklenburg, the old reliable graduate, long experienced and well established Optician, will again be at the Rosebud hotel, Saturday, **AUGUST 31st**; also at Olds, Victoria Hotel, Friday, **AUGUST 30th**. Do not fail to see him.

Good Fresh Meats

CURED MEATS

Fresh Whitefish EVERY DAY

CASH for Butter, Eggs, and Hides

"Give us the opportunity to serve you"

N. A. COOK, Butcher

Leuszler Block

Telephone 127

Soon the Buyers from the South for Farm and Town Property will come to look over our district

Be prepared and list your sales with us

WE WILL DO THE REST!

C. HIEBERT & CO.

LEUSZLER BLOCK

DIDSBURY, ALTA.

MIDSUMMER BARGAIN IN NEWSPAPERS

The Family Herald and Weekly Star

MONTREAL, and

The Didsbury Pioneer

Both papers until January 1st, 1919, for **\$1.00**

Present subscribers to THE DIDSBURY PIONEER may have The Family Herald for the same period for Forty cents.

ORDER NOW

THE DIDSBURY PIONEER

Big Institute Rally and Red Cross Auction Sale

The Didsbury Women's Institute

in conjunction with the Women's Institutes in the district east of Didsbury will hold a

Big Rally and Red Cross Auction Sale in DIDSBURY on

Saturday, August 31st

The following Speakers will address the meeting:

Prof. W. J. Elliott

Olds School of Agriculture

Miss Noble

Miss L. Pinkham

H. B. Atkins, M.L.A.

Cafeteria Dinner will be Served

Everybody come to the Rally and help to make it a success. Besides helping a good cause you also will receive a benefit.

G. B. SEXSMITH

CHAIRMAN and AUCTIONEER

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.
WINNIPEG SASKATOON EDMONTON VANCOUVER
(Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts)

Baume Analgésique Bengué

INSIST ON BENGUE.
LEEMING MILES CO., Limited
Box 1329 Montreal

\$1,000.00 Reward Forfeited if Remedy Fails

BABY'S BATTLES FOR HEALTH

Sawyer-Massey Threshers

As a result of a drive for membership, Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association has added 10,000 names to its rolls since the year opened.



Ingram's Milkweed Cream

F. F. Ingram Co., Windsor Ontario

BOVRIL

Take it as Soup before Meals⁶⁻¹⁸

**PEERLESS
PERFECTION**
The
For Real
gives life time service

be upon the whole, a good wire, all im-
purities burned out, all twisting and all im-
purities left in. Makes the fence strong and sturdy.
Will not support itself under sudden shocks or pull at angles.
Does not change, takes care to prevent rust and the coming
off of the paint, and will not. Can be rolled over to any length
and under a load, without bending, snapping or breaking.
Does not become loose with the wire, but stays in place.
Does not break at joints. Does not prevent sagging and
requires only about half as many posts as other fences.
Good for cattle. It also describes, in various cases, poultry
fencing and ornamental fencing. Fearless Perfection is
"patent" fencing Canada's best fence and fence Co., Ltd.,
Windsor, Newfile. Remitted, Ontario

The Didsbury Pioneer

H. E. OSWOLD, Prop.

Subscription: \$1.50 per year
U. S. Points: \$2.00 per year

EDITORIAL NOTES

Why is it that when a firm offers to supply lumber to repair a sidewalk near their place of business free if the town will supply the labor that their offer is not accepted. This offer was made by the Atlas Lumber Co. some time ago but it has not been accepted, yet the sidewalk is in a bad state of repair. Grab it, gentlemen of the Council. Another walk that is in a dangerous condition is the block on the north side of the street on which the Evangelical church stands. Is it because the ratepayers offered to pay half if the town would bear the other half of the cost of a cement sidewalk as a punishment for their temerity. If they are progressive enough to make such an offer they should be assisted. The sidewalk is a disgrace anyway.

Good Citizenship

Has it ever occurred to the majority that those priceless things—ideals of liberty and justice and right living—can neither be bought nor sold? They are not heirlooms and no parent can hand them down ticketed and tied like government bonds or enclosed, like jewels, in a strong box. They may be "recommended" and even insisted upon but are adopted voluntarily or not at all.

These facts offer food for serious thought on the part of those who are responsible for Canada's future. Whatever ideals it is desirable for the citizens of tomorrow to possess must be instilled into the consciousness of the children of today. The process is the tedious one of "line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little, there a little"—a process at times inspiring but more often than not discouraging. It is a process little realized in the main because its workings are unseen. Not until the generation stands ready for citizenship can it be seen that damage has been done. Only then is one aware of the existence of the harmful influence. Human

careers are too precious to be submitted to this exploitation and the most serious duty confronting patriots today is the provision of influences that will produce high standards of living for generations to come.

Had this truth been recognized from any other than a largely theoretical standpoint by the men and women of the preceding and the present generation it would not have been possible for the vicious theories promulgated by Frederick the Great (wrongly so called) to be working themselves out today in Prussian atrocities. There can not be too vigorous pushing of baby welfare movements or the establishment and maintenance of supervised playgrounds. By Scout movements, national health boards, carefully considered housing schemes, city planning and every other movement that centres in the cleanest, finest living. An examination into the things in which all were most keenly concerned a decade ago will not result in a list of these things as national interests. Every one of them must be absorbing interests if Prussianism is to be stamped out forever.

Magnificent Cup Offered For Best Wheat

The Department of Colonization and Development of the Canadian Pacific Railway announces that it will award a silver cup valued at five hundred dollars for the best bushel of hard spring wheat exhibited at the International Soil-Products Exposition at Kansas City, Mo., October 16th to 26th, 1918. All farmers in Western Canada who have good hard spring wheat should be interested in this announcement and it is hoped that among them will be found the successful competitor.

Wheat has become a vital factor in the conduct of the war and the C. P. R. hopes in this way to encourage production of the best varieties. At the same time it is hoped this competition will focus attention upon the immense food-producing in this competition. Individual

possibilities of Western Canada. Canadian farmers have been winners of many competitions of the International Soil-Products Exposition and the winning of this cup by one of their number would be an appropriate climax to a series of triumphs.

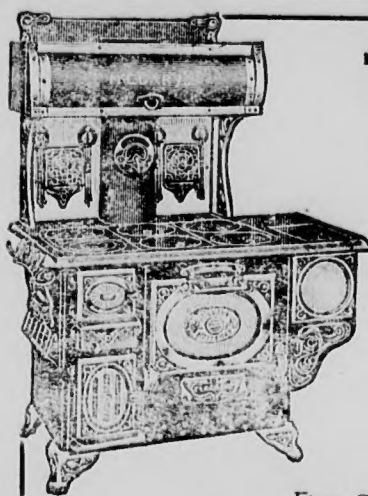
It is expected that boards of trade, agricultural societies, farmers' organizations and other public bodies throughout Western Canada will interest themselves in seeing that the very best bushel of wheat in each of their respective districts is entered farmers will also no doubt be eager for the distinction of winning this cup. Particulars as to the exhibit may be had by addressing Robert J. C. Stead, Publicity Agent, Department Colonization and Development, C. P. R., Calgary.



WE ARE AGENTS FOR
THE
**King Aerator
and Ventilating
Systems for
Barns**

Call and see our Sample

Atlas Lumber Co.
T. THOMPSON, Manager
Didsbury, Alta.



The Real Proof of a Range

The firebox of your range is the first and last proof of its usefulness and durability.

The Kootenay Range firebox is made of tough, pure semi-steel—in nine pieces to allow expansion and contraction and to prevent cracking.

— For Sale by —

W. G. LIESEMER
McClary's
Kootenay
Range

London St. John, N.B. Toronto Calgary Montreal Hamilton Winnipeg Edmonton Vancouver Saskatoon

THE YALE HOTEL

Edmonton

Rooms from \$1.00
EUROPEAN PLAN

In connection with the Hotel we re-opened June 1st the
Finest Restaurant
in Western Canada

Visitors should not miss seeing it.

ROBT. McDONALD
PROPRIETOR



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 27th September, 1918, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, three times per week on the Didsbury Rural Route No. 1 from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Didsbury, Westcott and Elkton and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Calgary, 16th August, 1918.
D. A. BRUCE,
Post Office Inspector.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Change in Train Service

Effective Aug. 18th, 1918

there will be a general change in train service. Times for trains at Didsbury will be:

Going North			
	No. 521	No. 523	No. 525
Lv. Calgary	9.05	15.00	23.55
Lv. Didsbury	10.45	16.43	1.38
Ar. Edmonton	16.15	22.00	7.45
Going South			
	No. 522	No. 524	No. 526
Lv. Edmonton	8.30	13.35	23.55
Lv. Didsbury	14.03	18.30	5.44
Ar. Calgary	15.45	20.30	7.30

No. 525 stops to allow passengers to detain

For further particulars apply to any ticket agent.

J. E. PROCTOR,
District Passenger Agent,
Calgary.

Is your subscription to the Pioneer paid up?

DR. A. T. SPANKIE

M. D., C. M.

EYE, NOSE, EAR AND THROAT SPECIALIST

OFFICE:

Suite 121-122, New P. Burns Building, corner 8th Ave. and 2nd St. East

CALGARY

Phones: Office M2848, House M2077

Internist and House Surgeon Manhattan Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital, New York City, 1911-1914

Specialist to Calgary School Board

Royal George HOTEL

101 STREET, EDMONTON
Extensive improvements completed including new tile floor in lobby

100 ROOMS

Running Hot and Cold Water
Many with Private Baths

DINING ROOM SERVICE

as unequalled as ever. Private Dining Room for Parties

CENTRALLY LOCATED

near department stores and theatres

EUROPEAN PLAN

\$1.00 TO \$2.00

ROBERT E. NOBLE
MANAGER

"Never Put Off Till Tomorrow What You Can Do Today."

— GET YOUR —

Plough Shears sharpened NOW

Before the busy season starts

D. M. Sinclair
BLACKSMITH

RAILWAY ST. - DIDSBURY

STRAYED

From Sec. 8, Tp. 32, Rge. 1, W. 5th Mer., black Percheron filly 3 years old, and very dark grey Percheron filly aged one year old; no brands. \$5.00 reward will be paid for each animal. Write C. Deadrick, Olds, or phone 207, Didsbury. 3p32

STRAYED

Yearling steer, blue roan, mullie, no brand. Been gone about a month. Reward will be paid for recovery or information leading to recovery. Alvin Hunsperger, Phone 1502, Didsbury. 3p33

STRAYED

Strayed on to Sec. 4-31-27 W. 4th Mer. black colt, white stripe on face, branded on right hip. Owner pay expenses and claim property.

STRAYED

Strayed from Sec. 1-31-28 bay horse, no brand, also grey horse branded A right shoulder. Finder phone 516. c31

THE SIXTEENTH ANNUAL Agricultural Fair at Didsbury

Will be held at the FAIR GROUNDS on

THURSDAY and FRIDAY Sept. 26th and 27th

Not the Largest but one of the best Fairs of its size in Alberta

AN EXCELLENT

LIVE STOCK EXHIBITION

Substantial Prizes for all classes

In connection with the Fair a fine Programme of

Horse and Pony Races

Tug-o-War, Football Match, Quoits and Horseshoe Games will be held

Bigger, Better and Grander Than Ever

WRITE FOR PRIZE LIST

WM. PUPP, President.

J. V. BERSCHT, Secretary-Treas.

PLANS FOR TRANSATLANTIC FLIGHT BY AIR ROUTE TO THE WAR FRONT

AMERICA TO BLAZE A NEW TRAIL TO EUROPE

United States' Full Power of Airplane Craft to be Brought Against
The Huns, and Bombing Warfare Into Germany Will Be
Made on Large Scale

The establishment of an air route to Europe from the United States, in order to bring the full force of American effort in the air to bear against Germany, has been decided upon as a definite project by the British air council, the new organization into which all British air service has been merged. This was disclosed by Major-General William Brancker, controller of equipment on the council, who is in Washington to discuss this and other projects relating to air warfare with American officials.

Plans for an initial flight across the Atlantic in August, September or October of this year are already well advanced. American co-operation is sought and General Brancker hopes that the first machine to make the crossing will carry both British and American troops. At least three British pilots are now here, and several types of machines produced in England have ample fuel capacity for the forty hours of flying it is estimated the trip would take.

The attitude of the American government toward the project has not been disclosed, although General Brancker laid stress on the fact that the sole purpose of the trip was to blaze a new trail to Europe, over which American aircraft can be delivered next year without taxing shipping. Presumably, it arises from the fixed purpose of the British air ministry to carry the bombing warfare into Germany on a steadily increasing scale until not a vital spot in the German empire is safe from allied raiders. The point made by General Brancker favoring the employment of British equipment for the venture is that the new Rolls-Royce 375-horse-power engines have proved reliable enough practically to insure no difficulty from this source. The American Liberty motors, he said, are admittedly better in performance than this Rolls-Royce, being of lighter weight and giving greater power, but they have not yet reached the status of reliability of the Rolls-Royce. The general was certain, however, that Liberty-driven night bombers would be crossing the ocean in fleets next summer.

Under any consideration, a sea-plane carrying at least 750 horse-power will be the first craft to attempt the flight. Until arrangements have been made for the touching of airplanes at the Azores en route, which is a difficult matter owing to the rugged contour of the islands, landings there for re-fueling will have to be made in the harbor.

As the trip is now projected, it would start from British soil in Newfoundland, touch at the Azores and again in Portugal and conclude in Ireland, probably to be resumed, after overhaul, to France. While this is not the shortest route, it is said to offer better weather and better opportunity to forecast the weather in advance.

There already have been conferences with American meteorological experts in this regard.

The governing factors of the flight were given by the British officer as engine reliability, navigation and weather forecasts. The probable loss of machines en route could be minimized, he believed, when the weather forecasts had been fully worked out and flights were started only when it was well established that good weather would prevail.

The use of weight-carrying machines, such as night bombers, is essential, as the carrying capacity later to be devoted to hauling high explosives to German centres, selected for destruction, would go into extra fuel during the trip. The twin Liberty type of American seaplane, built on British design, and now in production in the U. S. on a steadily increasing scale, meets these requirements. Many of these planes have already been shipped and the day is believed now by officials to be almost in sight when the production will far exceed shipping facilities. For that reason it may be that the navy, instead of the army, will undertake to develop the air route plan in conjunction with the British.

Dairy Competitions

The Dairywomen's Association of Saskatchewan in conjunction with the dairy branch, department of agriculture, Regina, has arranged a number of interesting competitions for dairy farmers and creamery men in Saskatchewan. The results will be announced and awards made at the annual convention of the dairywomen's association. The prizes aggregate \$1,000.

Farm Employment Office

Every Canadian city, town and village should have a farm labor office where volunteers, who have registered their willingness to help on farms, may get in touch with farmers needing help.

W. N. U. 1218

Why China is Unable to Help

Prevented by Financial Difficulties
From Aiding Allies

Chinese soldiers are available for co-operation with the Japanese at Harbin and near the Siberian frontier and if necessary more will be sent, Gen. Tuan Chi Jui, the Chinese premier and war minister, told the Peking correspondent of the Daily Mail. The premier added: "The threatening situation on our frontiers certainly demands safeguards. We do not want the Bolsheviks in China."

With reference to Chinese participation in the war on the European battlefronts, the premier said:

"I would like to help the allies, and would be glad to send 40,000 or 50,000 troops, but am prevented by financial difficulties and the activities of the provincial rebels. I have sent 150,000 troops south."

"I am hopeful that the Canton rebellion can be repressed soon, and then a good many of these troops can be released for service elsewhere. France originally suggested that we send troops to the western front, but questions of finance and lack of shipping compelled us to lay the proposal aside."

Regarding the feeling of the Chinese toward the Germans, Gen. Tuan Chi Jui said that the people generally could not distinguish between the Germans and other Europeans, adding:

"But the enlightened classes remember that because a mob killed two missionaries, Germany forced us to cede Tsin Tao and owing to that precedent places like Port Arthur and Wei Hai Wei were seized from China. But for Germany China would be whole today."

Furthermore, it is impossible to forget that during the Boxer trouble German troops were ordered not to give quarter, while the invasion of the imperial palace by German soldiers was a disgrace, unparalleled in our civilization, and will ever be vivid to the national consciousness.

"The Boxer rising itself was provoked by German bullying at Tsin Tao. Besides how can we forget the Kaiser's continual harping on the Yellow peril?"

The premier declared his intention of opening up China after the war by developing mineral deposits and extending railroads.

The Advent of Revolution

On the Eve of a Revolution of Our
Habits and Thoughts

Would that men could see that we are living not only in the crisis of the greatest war that has ever afflicted mankind, but also in the advent of Revolution, at once material, moral and spiritual; wider, I believe, and deeper than any which in some thousands of years has transformed civilization on earth. We are on the eve of what must prove to be a revolution of our habits and thoughts. Now in a state of revolution, things move, change, appear and disappear with lightning velocity. Things which we imagine to be trifles suddenly swell up into incalculable forces. Changes, which in normal times would hardly be worked through in generations, spring up completed in months or weeks. New things which were Utopian dreams of yesterday are truisms and facts today. A state of revolution is a social earthquake, in which neither things nor persons remain what they were. All are inverted. . . . There are moments when the war seems the less important crisis—when we feel that our system is challenged, that new ideals, revised values of life, are thrust upon our notice. How are we going to meet them? There may be scant time to ponder on our answer.—Frederic Harrison in the Fortnightly (London) for March.

When Jacob died in Egypt "Joseph commanded his servants the physicians to embalm his father." This passage from Genesis has now an added interest. If the body of Jacob was embalmed in the Egyptian manner, it ought now, when Hebron (with the cave Macpelah, where Jacob was buried) is in British hands, to be found possibly with Joseph's inscription.

At the present time the United States imports from Canada about 275,000 horse power of electrical energy. In round figures, and taking cognizance of some special factors, the electrical power now imported by the United States would be the equivalent of probably not less than 3,000,000 tons of coal.

An old distillery plant in one county in Delaware has been turned into a factory for the manufacture of jelly from fruit.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON FOR JULY 7—BEGINNING THE CHRISTIAN LIFE

1. How Lydia Began the Christian Life (v. 13-15).

Lydia was the first convert to Christ in Europe. Hers was a typical conversion. Note the steps therein:

1. Attendance at the place of prayer (v. 13).

The accustomed place here was at the river side. The accustomed place today is in church. God can and does save men and women without any seeming connection with places of established worship, but he appears to most people at such places. The very fact that he has established and sustains churches here and there is an urgent call to all men and women to place themselves in the way of salvation. While no one can save himself, yet all can put themselves in the way of salvation by attending church, reading the Bible, etc.

2. Listening to the preaching of the Word of God (v. 13, 14).

Paul took advantage of the opportunity which was given him by the assemblage of this group of devoted women to preach Christ to them. He was alert for and prized highly the opportunity to tell the people about Christ. He knew also how perilous it was to neglect to witness for Christ at a time when unsaved people are together. The opportunity is God's call to preach Christ.

3. Her heart was opened by the Lord (v. 14).

The individual may place himself in the way of salvation by coming near to the means of grace, and the preacher may preach the Word of God, but there is no hope of salvation until the heart is opened by the Lord (John 6:44-45). While the salvation of every one is dependent upon this sovereign act of the Lord, yet we can be sure that he is willing at all times to do this for those who, like Lydia, place themselves in the way of his saving grace.

4. She was baptized (v. 15).

This ordinance follows belief in Christ. The invariable rule in the early church was for believers to be baptized. While there is no salvation in the water of baptism, yet hearty obedience should be rendered in this respect (Acts 2:38-41; 8:12; Mark 16:16). Lydia brought her household to Christ. This is as it should be. She showed signs of the new life, in that she expressed gratitude toward those who had been instrumental in her conversion (v. 15) by constraining them to share the hospitality of her home.

2. How the Philippian Jailor Began the Christian Life (v. 23-34).

1. The occasion (v. 23, 26).

The casting out of the spirit of divination from the damsel landed Paul and Silas in prison. The pain of bleeding backs, and of feet in stocks, kept them from sleeping; but not from praying and singing. The Lord heard their prayers and sent an earthquake which shook the jail, opened the doors of the prison, and loosed the bonds from the prisoner's hands.

2. The method (v. 27-34).

(1) Visitation of the supernatural (v. 27-29). The jailer was awakened from his sleep by the earthquake. This earthquake was unusual, in that it loosed the bonds from the prisoners' hands. In his desperation the jailer was about to commit suicide. This was averted by Paul's assurance that all were safe. The fact that the doors were opened and the prisoners free and yet no one escaped, showed him that something unusual had occurred. Therefore, he came trembling and prostrated himself before Paul and Silas.

(2) The great question (v. 30). In the presence of the supernatural he cried out, "What must I do to be saved?" One's salvation is not far off when he utters this cry with sincerity.

(3) The vital answer (v. 31, 32). "Believe on the Lord Jesus Christ," is the only way to be saved. (Acts 1:21). Though the way of salvation is restricted, it is simple and easy. No one who has believed on Christ has failed to receive it. The jailer's faith was not blind faith, for they spoke unto him the word of the Lord, and to all that were in his house. They were taught the meaning of belief in Christ.

(4) The evidence of a transformed life (v. 33, 34).

(a) He was baptized (v. 33). As soon as one believes on Christ he wants to be baptized.

(b) He tenderly washed the stripes of Paul and Silas, showing that he was no longer the brutal jailer (v. 34).

(c) He rejoiced (v. 34). The one who really accepts Christ is filled with joy.

(d) A transformed home (v. 34). He believed on Christ and was baptized, and his household.

Not Him

It was somewhere in France, and the trenches looked like some river not on the map, Paddy was on guard in the communication trench and was up to his chest in water.

Along came a Cockney, who inquired of Paddy if he could direct him to a company of the East Lancashires.

Paddy's temper was not of the best, for he had had a long weary guard. "Holy smoke!" he replied, viewing his surroundings. "Chuck it! I'm not the bloomin' harbormaster!"—Trench Journal.

THE CRIMINAL PLEADS GUILTY TO THE GREATEST CRIME OF HISTORY

KAISER ADMITS PREPARATIONS FOR THE WAR

Development of the German Army, According to War Lord, was
For the Purpose of Upholding German Principles of Right,
Freedom, Honor and Morality

Cut Trans-Siberian Railway Connections

European Russia Loses Railway
Control and Grain

Czecho-Slovak control of parts of the Trans-Siberian railway has completely cut all rail and wire communications between Siberia and Russia and has resulted in depriving European Russia of the Siberian grain supply.

The Czecho-Slovaks now control the southern section of the Trans-Siberian railway from Samara to the Volga river, to Tchelyabinsk, and the Siberian main line on the east to Novo Nikolayevsk, also the northern branch from Tchelyabinsk to Yekaterinburg.

The Czecho-Slovak organizations originally numbered about 40,000 men. Of these nearly 20,000 reached Vladivostok. The remainder involved in an effort to resist disarmament, are chiefly centred about Tchelyabinsk.

War Minister Troitzky has ordered the mobilization in the Volga of all men of the last five military classes to move against the Czecho-Slovak forces.

New Overseas Nurses' Club House

Splendid Club House for Colonial
and United States Nurses

Early in April there was opened in Rutland Square, Edinburgh, a splendid club house for colonial and United States nurses who visit Great Britain when released from their arduous duties in France. The building was originally a club house for men of the overseas forces and so completely did the house fulfil its mission of giving comfort and rest it was soon impossible to accommodate all the applicants. On moving the men's club to new quarters the Rutland Square house was fitted up by a citizen interested in providing comfortable quarters for visiting nurses. There is sleeping accommodation for sixteen and the charges for meals and bed are very reasonable. The expectation is that the owners of many beautiful Scottish estates will supplement the hospitality of the club house by invitations to their country homes. The Edinburgh branch of the Victoria League is responsible for the club house and which the Marchioness of Linlithgow is president.

B. C. Whale Hunters Making Good Catch

New Canning Plant Working at Full
Capacity

Reports from the whaling stations indicate that there has been a great improvement in all respects over early May conditions. The weather has greatly improved on all the "hunting grounds" and the number of mammals secured by all the boats has been most encouraging, according to advices which the Victoria Whaling company has received.

Previous reports had shown that there were large numbers of whales off the Victoria Island coast, but the weather conditions had been so unfavorable that the boats had small opportunity to make killings. The latest information is that matters have been quite reversed lately, and at Akulan the catch not only numbered many whales of the ordinary type, but also a number of sperm.

The new canning plant at Kyquot is reported to be working at full capacity on whale meat for marketing all over the continent, and the manufactured product is expected to be acclaimed as a delicacy of the first class when placed before the public.

The Hun's Way

What It Means to Have the Enemy
in the Country

The following appeal for subscriptions to the eighth war loan appeared in several German newspapers. As a specimen of unconscious humor, the reference to Belgium would take some beating: "How can one German still hesitate to subscribe for the eighth war loan? Oh, ye faint hearted, go and ask the Belgians, the Serbians, the Russians, the Italians, what it means to have the enemy in the country. Do you not realize that it is your support of the loan only that can keep the horrors of an enemy occupation from Germany's soil?"—London Daily Mail.

At a sale of school lands in North Battleford district prices ran from \$10 to \$55.50 per acre for raw land.

A despatch from Amsterdam a day or two ago reported at some length the words of the Kaiser on June 15 at a celebration, at the great headquarters of the German army, of the anniversary of his accession. The gist of the report follows:

"The war is not a matter of a strategic campaign, but a struggle of two world views wrestling with one another, the emperor declared.

"Either German principles of right, freedom, honor and morality must be upheld," he added, "or Anglo-Saxon principles, with their idolatry of mammon, must be victorious."

The Anglo-Saxons, he asserted, aimed at making the peoples of the world work as slaves for the Anglo-Saxon ruling race, and such a matter could not be decided in days or weeks, or even in a year.

The emperor emphasized the fact that from the first he had realized the trials of war would be great. The first outbreak of enthusiasm had not deceived him. Great Britain's intervention had meant a world struggle whether he desired it or not. He said he was thankful that Field Marshal von Hindenburg and General Ludendorff had been placed at his side as counsellors. Drinking to the health of the army and its leaders, the emperor said:

"The German people and army, indeed, are now one and the same, and look up to you with gratitude. Every man out there knows what he is fighting for—the enemy himself admits that—and, in consequence, we shall gain victory—the victory of the German standpoint. That is what is in question."

The emperor referred to the period of peace, which he described as "26 years of profitable but hard work though they could not always be regarded as successful in a political respect, and had brought disappointments."

His interests had been centred in the work connected with the development of the army and the effort to maintain it at the level at which it had been entrusted to him. The emperor continued:

"In peace time—in the preparation of my army for war—my grandfather's war comrades gradually passed away, and as the German horizon gradually darkened, many a German, and not the least I, hoped, with assurance that God would, in this danger, place the right man at our side. Our hope has not been disappointed."

"In your excellency, and in you, General Ludendorff, heaven bestowed upon the German empire and the German army and staff, men who are called upon in these great times to lead the German people in arms in its decisive struggle for existence and the right to live, and with its help, to gain victory."

The Kaiser here admits the preparation for the war and the deliberation with which it was chosen as the only course consistent with "the German standpoint." He pleads guilty to the charges made by his own and his opponents' diplomats. His laudation of the moral qualities in which Germany has shown itself conspicuously lacking, and his sneers at Anglo-Saxon principles are but contributory evidences of his aberration. This speech will be of immense value when the inevitable settlement of the civilized world with the Hohenzollerns comes to be made.—Winnipeg Free Press.

Germans Massacre 10,000 Red Guards

Victims Were Mercilessly Mowed
Down, Socialist in Prussian
House Says

The Rhenische Westfälische Zeitung of Essen says that Herr Hofer, Independent Socialist, in the Prussian lower house, declared:

"Ten thousand Red Guards were mercilessly mowed down at Taganrog by German troops, and then you say we are at peace with Russia! I am persuaded that Russia will spring at our throats when the time comes. It is base to kill an enemy after he is blinded by poison gas. The people must overthrow a government which is incapable of attaining a speedy peace by understanding."

President Lohmann reprimanded Deputy Hofer for his remarks.

Tedious Experience

"How old are you?" asked the minister of a small boy who was celebrating his birthday.

"I'm four years old," replied the youngster, "and I'm glad of it, too. I was getting awful tired of being three all the time."—Vancouver Province.

No need of your screen doors or windows rusting if you paint them as soon as purchased, with good paint and oil.

Old Folks' Coughs, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Quickly Cured

This Tells of a Method That Cures
Without Using Drugs

Elderly people take cold easily. Unlike young folks they recover slowly. That is why so many people past middle life die of pneumonia.

Cough Syrups seldom do much good because they upset digestion. Any doctor knows that a much more effective treatment is "CATARRH-OZONE," which heals and soothes the irritated surfaces of the throat. In using Catarrh-ozone you do not take medicine into the stomach—you simply breathe into the throat, nose and lungs, rich piney balsamic vapor, so full of healing power that colds, catarrh and bronchitis disappear almost instantly.

The germ-killing balsamic vapor mixes with the breath, descends through the throat down the bronchial tubes, and finally reaches the deepest air cells in the lungs. All parts are soothed with rich, pure, medicinal essences, whereas with a syrup the affected parts could not be reached and harm would result through benumbing the stomach with drugs.

A Catarrh-ozone Inhaler in your pocket or purse enables you to stop a cold with the first sneeze. Large size costs \$1.00 and supplies treatment for two months, small size, 50c; trial size, 25c; all storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarrh-ozone Co., Kingston, Canada.

Carmen's Messenger

— BY —
HAROLD BINDLOSS

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

A turn shut the valley in when he reached higher ground and a long stretch of moor rolled away ahead. Foster thought these sharp transitions from inter-living cultivation to sterile wilds were characteristic of southern Scotland. It had rained since he left Hawick, but now the sun shone down between the clouds and bright gleams and flying shadows chased each other across the waste. To the south the sky was clear and shone with a lemon-yellow glow, against which the rounded hills rose, delicately grey. In one place there was a gap that Foster thought was Liddesdale, and his path led across the latter towards the head of Tyne. Not a house broke the sweep of withered grass and heath, and only the crying of plover that circled in the distance disturbed the silence of the moor.

Foster liked the open trail and went on with a light step, until as he crossed the watershed, and the country sloped to the south, he came to a wire fence and saw the black mouth of a railway cutting beneath. It was now about two o'clock, and feeling hungry, he sat down where a bank cut off the wind and took out some food he had bought at Hawick. He did not know if he found the shining rails and row of telegraph posts that curved away down the hillside out of place, but somehow they made him feel foolishly unconventional. His boots and mackintosh were wet, he was lurching on sweet biscuits and gingerbread, and did not know where he would spend the night, although it would not be at a comfortable hotel. Until he saw the tunnel, he had felt at home in the wilds and might have done so yet, had he, for example, been driving a flock of sheep; but the railway was disturbing.

In this country, people travelled by steam heated trains, instead of on foot, and engaged a lawyer to defend them from their enemies. He was going back to the methods of two or three centuries ago, and not even doing this properly, since the moss-troopers who once rode through those hills carried lances instead of a check book, which was after all his best weapon. He laughed and felt something of a modern Don Quixote as he lighted his pipe.

Then there was a roar in the tunnel and a North British express, leaping out through a cloud of smoke switched his thoughts on to another track. His adventures had begun in a train, and it was in a train he met the girl who warned him not to de-

liver Carmen's packet. He did not see what the packet had to do with him, but he had had some trouble about it and thought it might turn up again. Then he wondered whether Daly was now in Annandale. The fellow was obviously determined to find Lawrence, and if one admitted that he had come to England for the purpose, did not mind how much it cost him, which was rather strange. After all, blackmailing was a risky business and the Featherstones were not rich. It looked as if Daly might have some other object in tracking Lawrence, but Foster could not see what it was. Indeed, he was frankly puzzled. There was a mystery about Carmen's packet, he had been warned out of Edinburgh, and inquiries about him were afterwards made, while Daly's keenness was not quite explained. He wondered whether these things were somehow related, but at present they only offered him tangled clues that led nowhere. Well, he might be able to unravel them by and by, and getting up went on his way.

He spent the night at a lonely cottage on the edge of a peat moss and reached the Garth next afternoon. John let him in and after taking his mackintosh remarked: "Mr. and Mrs. Featherstone are out, but Miss Featherstone is at home; I will let her know you have arrived." Then he paused and added in a half apologetic tone: "I hope you had a pleasant journey, sir." Foster smiled. John had softened his imperturbable formality by just the right touch of respectful interest. In a sense, they were accomplices, but Foster thought if they had committed a crime together, the old fellow would have treated him with unmoved deference as his master's guest.

"On the whole, I had. I suppose you met the other car when you turned back at the station?"

"Yes, sir. I met it coming round the bend."

"As the road's narrow, your judgment's pretty good. Did anything happen?"

John's eyes twinkled faintly. "Not to our car, sir. The other had the bad luck to run on to the grass where the ground was soft. In fact, we had some trouble to pull her out. The gentleman seemed annoyed, sir."

Foster went to his room chuckling. He could imagine the differential way in which John, who had caused the accident, had offered help. When we went down Alice met him in the hall and he thrilled at something in her manner as she gave him her hand. It was getting dark and the glow of the fire flickered among the shadows but there was only one lamp, and as it was shaded the light did not travel far beyond the small table on which tea was presently served. This hinted at seclusion and homelike intimacy. An embroidered cloth half covered the dark, polished oak, the china was old but unusually delicate, and the blue flame of a spirit lamp burned beneath the copper kettle.

Foster thought everything showed signs of fastidious taste, but there was something austere about it that harmonized with the dignified shabbiness of the house. It was, for example, very different from the pretentious of the Edinburgh tea room, and he thought it hinted at the character of the Borderers. For all that, it was the society of his companion that had the greatest charm. Alice was plainly dressed, but simplicity became her. The girl had the Border spirit, with its reserves of strength and tenderness. Now she was quietly friendly, but Foster knew her friendship was not lightly given and was worth much.

Alice made him talk about his journey and he did so frankly, except that he did not mention his meeting with the girl in the tea room or the detective's visit to his hotel. Still he felt a certain embarrassment as he had done when he told his partner's story. It was rather hard to relate his own exploits, and he knew Alice would note any error he was led into by vanity or false diffidence.

"Then it was really to keep a promise to Miss Austin you went to Newcastle," she remarked presently. "Since she sent you with the packet, you must know her pretty well."

"Yes," said Foster, "in a way, we are good friends. You see there are not a great many people at the Crossing."

(To Be Continued.)

Not So Mere

The small boy sometimes sees straight and sees far. He reads the signs of the times unabashed. John, at a co-educational school in England, cut quite a good figure at the examinations, but failed to get the highest marks awarded in his mixed class. His father was astonished and incensed. John beaten by a girl! "John, I am surprised to find that you have allowed yourself to be defeated by a mere girl."

"Yes, father," says John, unblushingly, "I have; but I can tell you something—girls are not so mere after all."—The Argonaut.

Saskatchewan Grain Growers have contributed over \$250,000, including a whole trainload of flour, to various patriotic purposes.

Canada as a Holiday Resort

Canadians Learning More Than
Ever Before the Attractions
of Home Country

"Summer travel is good in Canada this year, despite the war and some inclement weather," said Mr. W. H. Snell, general passenger agent of the C. P. R., eastern lines, yesterday. "In fact the war has had two outstanding effects so far as Canada is concerned. Conditions with regard to foreign travel have become so expensive and so restricted that Canadians have been almost compelled to learn something about the advantages of the Dominion as a holiday resort. At the same time the ordinary wage earner has had such opportunities for making money that an unprecedented number of working people have been able to indulge their lifelong desire to take their wives and family back to their old homes and see the old folks at home." This latter feature of travel has been very marked during the past year, and is more in evidence than ever this summer. In all parts of Canada thousands of men who have for many years nursed the hope of some day taking their families back to their old homes are able to make the trip this year and they are doing it. The result is good for the country, good for the families, and good for the railways.

"In fact," said Mr. Snell, "one of the most remarkable features of present war conditions is the application of the motto 'Canada for the Canadians.' More of our people are learning to know their own country than ever before, simply because of the expense and difficulty of going abroad. Travel to Europe has been practically eliminated, owing to war conditions on the Atlantic. The increase in rates in the United States and the difficulties surrounding travel from Canada to American resorts has to a considerable extent reduced summer travel from Canada. The result is that thousands of people who in other times have always gone abroad or to the United States for their summer vacations are now spending their holidays and their money in Canada, with distinct advantage to themselves and the country. In fact they are learning now what tourists from all over the world have in years past spent very large sums to come to Canada to see and enjoy."

"In this way, while war conditions have cut off a good deal of foreign tourist traffic in Canada, the same conditions have so increased home travel as to more than offset this. People are visiting our own Rockies instead of going to Switzerland, going to Canadian resorts instead of taking German waters, taking trips over the Canadian lakes and rivers, or to our own coasts instead of going to American ocean resorts. It is a curious effect that war should force Canadians to know their own country, but that is one of the results of the European conflagration, and one that should prove of lasting benefit to Canada."

As a result of these general conditions, Mr. Snell said that passenger traffic in Canada has been unusually good both on the C.P.R. and on all Canadian railways, as well as on the lake and other steamship lines, despite the fact that under war regulations there were no more excursion or special rates. The rates in the United States had gone up so high, with a stringent abolition of all excursion or other special rates, that people were learning more and more to do their pleasure travel in Canada.

"A good deal of this is due to the fact that wages in Canada are higher than ever before," said Mr. Snell. "Where a few years ago men were

getting \$12 to \$15 a week they are now getting \$18 and even \$25. Despite increased cost of living people are getting better off, and many men are able to indulge their desires to revisit their old homes, and it is surprising the number who are taking this method of spending their holidays.

Salvage Ships Sunk By U-Boats

407 Vessels Recovered by Admiralty
Department Since January
1915

From January, 1915, to the end of May, 1918, 407 ships sunk by the Germans in British waters have been salvaged, according to details of the work of the admiralty salvage department, made public in the press.

Up to December, 1917, 260 ships were recovered. In the present year to the end of May, 147 have been salvaged, the increase being due to improved methods.

Among the difficulties encountered has been the emission of poisonous gases from the rotting cargoes of sunken ships, which sometimes have caused the loss of lives. One salvage ship was torpedoed while working on a wreck, while sometimes the work of weeks is destroyed by the rough sea. Feats performed by the salvage department include the raising of a large collier, sunk in twelve fathoms of water and involving a dead lift of 3,500 tons.

The Shortage of Hairpins

The Acute Concern Which This
News Creates

War, with its harsh upsetting of habit and the stern demand for sacrifice, strikes home again. It is announced that the world has but a short three-months' supply of hairpins. No more, at present, in sight.

The acute concern which this news creates is not, according to the agitated comment of The Regina Leader, confined to the gentler sex. Mere man, it confesses, has often wondered what woman would do next with the hairpin. Now he is faced with the prospect of seeing what she will do without it.

The Leader is confident that woman will rise superior to the hairpin. It suggests that Dame Fashion may save her in the crisis. It eloquently speculates upon the possibilities of "flowing locks carefree of those odd little contortions of wire-work" or of the youthful braiding of her glory. It looks for new and perhaps more fascinating methods of wearing the hair.

But The Leader seems to overlook the fact that the hairpin is put to many uses beyond that for which it is primarily designed. The hairpin button hook, the hairpin lock opener, the hairpin pipe cleaner, and a myriad of other hairpin utensils will have to go, too. The doom of the hairpin will command concern from more than Dame Fashion.—Toronto Globe.

Saw the Proof

Average Father (showing his prodigy's drawings)—Would you believe that he never took a lesson in his life?

Art Editor—Seeing is believing.—Buffalo Express.



"Just as fresh
and dainty as when
packed in the
hampers."

PARA-SANI WRAPPER

Heavy, waxed paper in Household Rolls, with handsome oak Roller Box. Keeps sandwiches, cakes, cheese and butter fresh and wholesome. There is no messy mass of pickles and cake, tomato juice and sandwiches at the picnic if each article is wrapped in Para-Sani.

Para-Sani is also good for household uses. It keeps bread fresh and moist until eaten. It protects meat and butter from contamination of flies, bad air or germs. It is good for lining cake tins or for polishing irons. Para-Sani will save many times its cost by preventing waste.

Cheaper and more convenient than waxed paper in sheets, and the paper is of better quality. Ask your Dealer.

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK CO., LTD.

175 McDermot Ave. E. - WINNIPEG, MAN.

Para-Sani sent prepaid on receipt of price or C.O.D.
4 lb. Roll with Roller Box.....\$2.50
3 lb. Roll with Roller Box.....2.25
4 lb. Roll without Box.....1.60
3 lb. Roll without Box.....1.30
2 lb. Roll without Box......90

MURINE'S Granulated Eyelids,
Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by
Sun, Dust and Wind quickly
relieved by Murine. Try it in
your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes.
YOUR EYES No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort
Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by
mail, 50c per bottle. Murine
Eye Salve, in Tubs 50c. For Book of the Eye—Free.
Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago 4

AROUND THE TOWN

Mrs. Ceaser, of Gernsey, Sask., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. Reiber has returned home.

Mrs. E. Wilson and Mrs. B. Booker will have charge of the Red Cross lunch on Friday afternoon.

Sergt. E. Reiber of Calgary spent last Sunday in town visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Reiber.

Mrs. S. Reiber, of Forestburg, Alta., is visiting with Mr. and Mrs. H. Reiber and other friends in town.

The Big Institute Rally and Red Cross Sale will be held on the band stand ground near the C. P. R. station.

W. Durrer has built a large warehouse addition to his store building occupied by G. B. Sayers on Railway Ave.

W. Mitham, auditor of the Head Office of the Union Bank, is paying an official visit to the local branch of that bank.

Miss Eva Carter, teller of the Royal Bank Staff, is unfortunately on the sick list and has gone to her home near Olds for a few days.

The 2nd annual picnic of St. Hilda's Chapter, No. 27, O. E. S., to have been held August 23rd at Innis Lake, has been postponed indefinitely.

Miss Dora Acton of J. V. Bersch's staff, left on Saturday for a three weeks holiday visiting relatives and friends at Edmonton, Saskatoon and other points.

The many friends of Mrs. W. Garner, wife of Mr. W. Garner, the baker, will learn with regret that she is seriously ill and is at the Calgary hospital where she was taken to undergo an operation.

The big tent suffered injury in the tornado at Loughheed recently and has been undergoing repairs, thus the delay in beginning the Harmattan Tent Meetings. Watch the posters to see when the meetings begin. Everyone come to every meeting.

Mrs. Joe Peck announces she will have a Fall Millinery Opening of the latest and most up-to-date Millinery August 29th, 30th and 31st, to which all are cordially invited to attend. As I have no definite time set how long I will keep millinery store open, please decide early.

Complaints are being made that there are some "sportsmen" shooting young ducks in the district. It is also reported that Sunday shooting is prevalent. This is absolutely against the law besides being poor sport as regards the young ducks. Where are the game wardens.

The 24th day of August is the last day upon which pardon is granted to those who are deserters or who have failed to report to the military authorities. This means that the extreme penalty of the law will be imposed upon deserters after this date. For their own safety it is hoped that if there are any in this district they will report at once.

The Council met last week and struck the tax rate for the year which is as follows: General, 34 mills; schools, 38 mills; debenture, 14 mills; supplementary revenue tax, 1 mill; a total of 87 mills, or an increase of 12 mills over last year's taxes. The business tax of 6 per cent. and the rural school tax of 8 mills is fixed and is the same as last year.

Auto drivers are requested to take note of the fact that when they drive on to the main street and leave their autos before the stores it creates a hardship for those using teams when they want to unload or to let the women and children down who perhaps have to cross half of the road to get to the stores. Why not run your car on to a side street if you must leave it standing for any length of time.

Burnside News

A few light showers passed over this district during the past week.

LOANS FOR LIVESTOCK

To good Farmers living in the vicinity of its Rural Branches, THE UNION BANK is prepared to make loans, on reasonable terms, for the purpose of purchasing cattle for feeding or breeding purposes.

Consult the Local Manager for particulars.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Paid up Capital . . . \$5,000,000.00
Total Assets exceed - \$140,000,000.00

The Pioneer Bank of Western Canada.

W. T. Cuncannon, Mgr. Didsbury Branch
J. B. Wilson, Manager Carstairs Branch

which stopped haying for a few days.

Mr. E. Kleitzke and family have moved into Mr. Carl Sick's house, having sold their ranch near Sunnyslope.

The Roberts Bros. are busy baling hay this week.

Owing to the rain on Sunday last our picnickers postponed going to the hills.

Mr. Lloyd Munson returned from Vulcan, Alta. last Saturday where he has been helping his brother during harvest.

The Burnside school has recently been renovated. New walls have been put in, also a hardwood maple floor.

A number of our dance enthusiasts from this district attended the dance at Neapolis on Friday evening last.

RED CROSS BULLETIN

The Society beg to acknowledge with thanks the following donations:

Dance in Opera House,	per Geo. Mortimer. . . \$	5.50
Whiteside barn dance per	J. K. Whiteside.	40.00
Fischer Bros. barn dance	48.55	
Mrs. E. M.	5.00	
Mr. C. W.	10.00	

A meeting of the members of the Society was held on Monday night in the Red Cross Rooms to decide whether the Society should undertake to provide dinner and supper for the crowds on Fair days and also run a booth for refreshments at the Fair grounds. The members present decided unanimously to go ahead with the dinner and supper but regarding the refreshment booth it was undecided as yet.

Committees were formed but it is hoped that all who can will volunteer their assistance and donations to any of the committees.

The following committees were formed:

Executive—Mrs. H. E. Osmond, Mrs. G. Watson, Mrs. H. Reiber, Mrs. J. Ruby, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. G. Smith. Canvassing—Mrs. A. G. Studer, Mrs. G. Liesemer, Mrs. B. E. Spink, Mrs. Philipson, Mrs. Howe, Mrs. Axtell, Mrs. H. W. Chambers.

W.S. Durrer

UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER

Moved to residence opposite J. M. Reed's house, Hespeler Street.

Phone 140

DIDSBURY, -o- ALTA



King Hiram Lodge No. 21, A.F. & A.M. Meets every Tuesday evening on or before full moon. All visiting brethren welcome.

DR. W. G. EVANS, GEO. LIESEMER, Secretary. W. M.



DIDSBURY LODGE NO. 18, I.O.O.F. Meets in Oddfellows Hall, Didsbury, every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visiting Oddfellows always welcome.

S. R. WOOD, Sec. J. L. ANDERSON, N.G.

Dr. W. MacL. Duncan, D.D.S. Dental Surgeon

Graduate Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

Office opposite Rosebud Hotel, Oiler street.

Didsbury - - - Alberta

Earle E. Freeman, L.L.B. (Successor to W. A. Austin)

Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada, Royal Bank of Canada, Western Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Town of Didsbury.

MONEY TO LOAN

Didsbury - - - Alberta

Dr. W. G. Evans, M.D. Physician, Surgeon

Graduate of Toronto University. Office opposite Rosebud hotel, Oiler street.

Residence Phone 50 Office Phone 120

Didsbury - - - Alberta

J. L. Clarke, M.D., L.M.C.C. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

Graduate University of Manitoba. Late senior house surgeon of St. Michael's hospital, Newark, N. J. Office and residence: One block west of Union Bank.

PHONE 128

DIDSBURY, - ALBERTA

DR. A. J. MALMAS, VETERINARY SURGEON.

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College.

Obstetrics, Surgery and Animal Dentistry a Specialty. Calls answered day or night.

PHONE 143

Residence King Edward St., DIDSBURY

WESTERDALE METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. R. H. Barry

Service every Sunday at 11 a.m.

Sunday School at 12 a.m.

Epworth League at 8 p.m.

Prayer and Praise Service every Wednesday at 2.30 p.m.

A hearty invitation extended to all.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH WEST LAND REGULATIONS.

THE sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

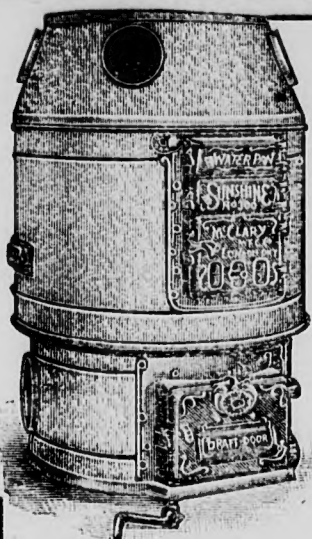
Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth \$500.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G., Deputy of the Minister of the Interior. N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. —1141.



Different Kinds of Heat

Your furnace should not only give you plenty of heat, but the right quality of heat.

Some houses would be better without any heat than the kind their furnaces give them.

If you study the Sunshine Furnace you will know what the right kind of heat is and how to get it.

— FOR SALE BY —

W. G. LIESEMEE McClary's Sunshine Furnace

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Saskatoon
St. John, N.B. Calgary Hamilton Edmonton Vancouver

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT IDEA

when you always deliver your

Cream, Milk, Eggs, Poultry, Etc.

TO THE

Crystal Dairy Ltd.

The place that has always convinced its patrons of its reliability, is established here with thousands of dollars of an investment to always be an asset to this town and to the Dairy Industry of this locality.

We have men in our employ with from 16 to 20 years' experience and who have Diplomas and Provincial License for Cream and Milk Testing and also for manufacturing milk and cream into many finished products.

We appreciate the co-operation that the dairymen are giving us in patronizing us so extensively and in return we always guarantee you courteous and prompt service. As for prices on Cream our patrons realize that we are well equipped and are paying 1c per lb. Butter Fat more for Sweet Cream than any other firm in Alberta. Sour for churning we will pay equal to any.

The milk price owing to condensing has been from 50c to 60c per cwt. higher than elsewhere in the province.

We want your co-operation Dairymen every day the year round to boost and make Didsbury the largest Milk and Cream centre in Alberta.

Phone 86

A. R. KENDRICK, Manager

AT THE

Pallesen Creamery DEPOT

We pay CASH for every shipment of Cream, Butter and Eggs

If you have not had satisfaction before you shall have it now

Let us have a trial shipment

Pallesen Central Creamery
P. PALLESEN, Prop.

JOHN A. MACDONALD, Manager

DIDSBURY - - - ALBERTA

Notice to Farmers!

We have opened a Cream Station at the North end of town.

Highest Market Prices Paid for CREAM, EGGS and POULTRY

GIVE US A TRIAL

Campbell & Griffin

Our Motto—"Square Dealing"

From now on and during harvest evenings I will be found at home to accommodate farmers who are unable to bring cream in during the day.

J. A. RUBY, Manager.

Didsbury, Alta